RI WARN Operational Plan

Version Control # 1

Date: December 1, 2010
Prepared by: Susan E. Andrade
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Record of Changes Form

Changes to this document are expected due to lessons learned, updates to protocols, and/or modification to the WARN Agreement. The WARN will document all changes to the Plan according to the following procedure:

1. Record updates/changes on the log below. (Add new pages as needed.)
2. The WARN Steering Committee approves updates to this WARN Operational Plan and electronically advises all Member utilities and Associate Members when approved updates have been made and are available on the WARN Web site.
3. Member utilities replace old pages with current pages and destroy outdated material.

<table>
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<th>Change Number</th>
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List of Acronyms

AWWA
American Water Works Association

DOC
Department Operations Center

EMAC
Emergency Management Assistance Compact

EOC
Emergency Operations Center

ERP
Emergency Response Plan

ESF
Emergency Support Function

FEMA
Federal Emergency Management Agency

HSEEP
Homeland Security Exercise and Evaluation Program

HSPD
Homeland Security Presidential Directive

IAP
Incident Action Plan

IC
Incident Commander

ICS
Incident Command System

MACS
Multi-Agency Coordination System

NIMS
National Incident Management System

NRF
National Response Framework

PA Program
FEMA Public Assistance Program

U.S. DHS
U.S. Department of Homeland Security

U.S. EPA
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

USACE
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

WARN
Water/Wastewater Agency Response Network
List of Definitions from the WARN Agreement

Activation
Occurs when one Member utility calls another Member utility to discuss the exchange of resources.

Associate Member
Any non-utility participant, approved by the Steering Committee, that provides a support role for the WARN program and who is a member of the Regional or State Steering Committees and does not officially sign the WARN Agreement.

Authorized Representative
An employee of a Member authorized by the Member’s governing board or management to request assistance or offer assistance under the WARN Agreement.

Confidential Information
Any document shared with any signatory to the WARN Agreement that is marked confidential, including but not limited to any map, report, notes, papers, opinion, or e-mail which relates to the system vulnerabilities of a Member or Associate Member.

Emergency
A natural or manmade incident that is, or is likely to be, beyond the control of the services, personnel, equipment, and facilities of a WARN Member.

Incident
In this document, the term incident is used as a generic description for a planned event, a small incident, or major disaster.

Member
Any public or private water or wastewater utility that manifests intent to participate in WARN by executing the WARN Agreement.

Mutual Aid
Mutual aid is the sending and receiving of personnel, equipment, and resources without the expectation of reimbursement. The WARN Agreement may be executed under the same understanding if so agreed between both parties in writing prior to sending aid.

Mutual Assistance
While operationally consistent with mutual aid, mutual assistance is the provision of personnel, equipment and resources with the understanding that reimbursement is expected as described in the WARN Agreement.

National Incident Management System (NIMS)
A national, standardized approach to incident management and response that sets uniform processes and procedures for emergency response operations.

Non-Responding Member
A Member that does not provide assistance during a period of assistance under WARN.
Period of Assistance
A specified period of time during which a Responding Member assists a Requesting Member. The period begins when personnel, equipment, or supplies depart from a Responding Member's facility and ends when the resources return to their facility (portal to portal). All protections identified in the WARN Agreement apply during this period. The specified period of assistance may occur during response to or recovery from an emergency, as previously defined.

Requesting Member
A Member who requests assistance under WARN.

Responding Member
A Member that responds to a request for assistance under WARN.
Introduction

Mutual aid and assistance agreements such as Water/Wastewater Agency Response Networks (WARNs) help local jurisdictions respond to incidents that call for resources beyond the capability of a local utility. The WARN Agreement identifies the administration of the program, describes how to access mutual aid/assistance, specifies reimbursement procedures for the use of resources, and authorizes the creation of a WARN Operational Plan.

While the WARN Agreement is the legal instrument authorizing the exchange of resources, the WARN Operational Plan is the operational extension of the WARN Agreement and outlines the procedures that need to be in place to make the WARN Agreement work. Other documents, such as the American Water Works Association’s (AWWA) Water & Wastewater Mutual Aid & Assistance Resource Typing Manual, identify the type of teams and associated equipment that utilities may request. All three of these documents (the WARN Agreement, WARN Operational Plan, and Water & Wastewater Mutual Aid & Assistance Resource Typing Manual) are interrelated and support the mission of WARN. Other job aids may be developed to help facilitate the implementation of the WARN Operational Plan.

Figure 1 shows how Member utilities activate the WARN Agreement by following the WARN Operational Plan and illustrates how Resource Typing is integral to requesting mutual aid/assistance. Exercising the WARN Operational Plan, and using Resource Typing and other tools or job aids, ensures proper functionality of WARN.

Figure 1: Member Utilities Follow the WARN Operational Plan to Activate the WARN Agreement

The WARN Steering Committee includes Member utilities and Associate (non-utility) Members. The state drinking water primacy agency, state wastewater permitting authority, emergency management agency, and water sector associations are included in the Steering Committee as Associate Members. The WARN Steering Committee enlisted volunteer(s) from Member Utilities and Associate Members to serve on a subcommittee to develop the WARN Operational Plan. The WARN Operational Plan describes how to implement the WARN Agreement. The WARN Steering Committee approved the WARN Operational Plan with feedback from a review team and distributed the plan to educate Member utilities and Associate
Members. It is the Member utilities’ and Associate Members’ responsibility to integrate the WARN Operational Plan into their respective emergency response or emergency operations plans. Descriptions of the WARN Operational Plan and suggested training do not replace other regulated trainings, such as those required for hazardous materials response.

**Purpose of the WARN Operational Plan**

The WARN Operational Plan is an instructional guide for WARN Member utilities and Associate Members describing the use of the WARN Agreement and the coordination of resource flow. It is not designed to be a command and control element outside of the emergency management system. Rather, it is a coordination tool within the emergency management system and specialized water sector resources. The WARN Operational Plan facilitates integration of Member utilities’ actions before, during, and after an incident, including those actions that occur prior to a formal emergency declaration. The WARN Operational Plan also describes how to sustain operations throughout the emergency and into recovery. Specifically, the WARN Operational Plan:

- Describes pre-emergency responsibilities
- Describes training, exercises, and procedures to update the WARN Operational Plan
- Provides a general set of procedures for coordinating with Associate Members and other response partners
- Provides a general set of procedures for activating the WARN Agreement
- Provides a general set of procedures for mobilization of WARN Member utility resources
- Provides a general set of procedures for internal WARN response coordination
- Describes documentation and forms for WARN standard reporting formats
- Describes communications tools for WARN Member utilities
- Describes a general set of procedures for writing an After Action Report and Improvement Plan

The WARN Operational Plan also addresses how the WARN will utilize other available tools, such as the AWWA *Water & Wastewater Mutual Aid & Assistance Resource Typing Manual.*
Organization of the WARN Operational Plan
Table 1 shows how the WARN Operational Plan is organized. Notably, Sections 4, 5, 6, 7, and 9 (the shaded sections in the table) address actions that will be taken by the WARN Member utilities during an emergency.

Table 1. WARN Operational Plan: Content and Purpose by Section

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Content</th>
<th>For use by:</th>
<th>When it is used:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Pre-emergency Governance Structure</td>
<td>Staff responsible for administrative and preparedness activities</td>
<td>Pre-emergency</td>
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<td>2.</td>
<td>Training, Exercises, and Updates</td>
<td>Staff responsible for preparedness activities</td>
<td>Pre-emergency</td>
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<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Concept of Operations</td>
<td>Staff planning and establishing WARN operations prior to an emergency</td>
<td>Pre-emergency</td>
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<td>4.</td>
<td>WARN Activation</td>
<td>Member utilities requesting assistance and Member utilities responding to requests</td>
<td>During WARN activation</td>
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<td>5.</td>
<td>Response Considerations</td>
<td>Member utilities responding to requests</td>
<td>During WARN activation</td>
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<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>WARN Response Coordination</td>
<td>WARN Response Team Members helping to coordinate the WARN Member’s response during an emergency</td>
<td>During WARN activation</td>
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<td>7.</td>
<td>WARN Communication Tools</td>
<td>Member utilities requesting assistance and Member utilities responding to requests</td>
<td>During WARN activation</td>
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<td>8.</td>
<td>After Action Report and Improvement Plan</td>
<td>Staff responsible for post-incident activities</td>
<td>Post-emergency</td>
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<td>9.</td>
<td>Attachments</td>
<td>Member utilities requesting assistance and Member utilities responding to requests</td>
<td>During WARN activation</td>
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Assumptions
Several key assumptions form the basis of this document and implementation procedures for the WARN:

- **Emergency Response Plans are in place.** While utility-specific Emergency Response Plans (ERPs) are not within the scope of this document, the WARN encourages all utilities to develop or update an ERP. With the establishment of the National Incident Management System (NIMS), ERP updates include how a utility uses the Incident Command System (ICS), how a utility integrates with its local emergency management and response agencies, and how the ERP addresses vulnerability assessments, if they are also completed. Additionally, Member utilities’ ERPs can integrate expected WARN activities.

- **Designated personnel are trained according to their ERP, ICS, NIMS, WARN Operational Plan, and Resource Typing.** In order to respond to all emergencies, Member utilities can provide practical employee training regarding the utility ERP, ICS, and NIMS. Additional training on how to use mutual aid/assistance resources ensures the ability to coordinate response with outside agencies. **Section 2** of this document includes a list of
recommended NIMS and ICS trainings. Additionally, employees can be trained according to WARN activities and be familiar with resource typing efforts such as that described in the *AWWA Water & Wastewater Mutual Aid & Assistance Resource Typing Manual*.

- **Utilities have signed a single, statewide omnibus WARN Agreement.** The WARN Agreement establishes the foundation of WARN and serves as the legal instrument authorizing the request for mutual aid/assistance, provides a mechanism for reimbursement, identifies the legal protection and immunities for employees and for use of resources, and establishes eligibility for possible federal reimbursement of expenditures associated with mutual aid/assistance.

- **The WARN Operational Plan is coordinated with local and state authorities.** Coordinated response and access to restricted areas relies on communication between the WARN and the following groups or organizations:
  - Utilities
  - Local emergency management agencies
  - State emergency management agency
  - State drinking water primacy agency
  - State wastewater permitting authority
  - Local and State law enforcement authorities

The relationship between the WARN, state and local agencies, and utilities, is defined by the WARN Agreement and documented in this WARN Operational Plan. Exercising with Member utilities, Associate Members, and other response agencies facilitates an increased level of preparedness to respond to an actual emergency.
SECTION 1: Pre-Emergency Governance Structure
The WARN is organized according to the structure shown in Figure 2 and the responsibilities of each organizational element are found immediately after the diagram.

Figure 2: Elements of the WARN Organizational Structure
**Member Utility**
A Member utility may be any public or private water or wastewater utility that signs the WARN Agreement. The Member utility identifies an Authorized Representative and alternates to manage its participation in the WARN and response to possible incidents. Member utilities are eligible to participate in one or more committees to support the WARN. Additionally, the WARN encourages Member utilities to participate in all meetings, trainings, and other activities.

Pre-emergency responsibilities for Member utilities include:
- Identify an Authorized Representative and alternates who are responsible for:
  - Requesting Assistance
  - Offering Assistance
  - Refusing Assistance
  - Withdrawing Assistance
- Provide the WARN with contact information for their Authorized Representative and alternates
- Ensure employees are trained according to the current NIMS guidance and complete relevant training requirements as appropriate
- Identify procedures for how or when the Authorized Representative may request or send mutual aid/assistance
- Clarify reporting and coordination procedures with the local emergency management officials
- Review the WARN Operational Plan and incorporate appropriate portions into the utility emergency response plan
- Develop procedures to track costs for personnel, equipment, and other resources during an emergency
- Volunteer to support the pre-emergency organization of the WARN, as available
- Attend WARN trainings and general meetings
- Maintain WARN database information for utilities in accordance with their policy. Print a hard copy of the WARN database annually to ensure the information is available when a power loss disrupts computer access
- Update the contact and other database information every six months or as changes occur

**Steering Committee**
The Steering Committee members are elected by WARN Member utilities. Under the leadership of the Steering Committee Chair (referred to as the WARN Chair), the Steering Committee is responsible for the following actions:
- Organize and coordinate emergency planning and response activities for the WARN
- Encourage the active participation of Member utilities
- Establish regular Steering Committee meeting schedules to maintain continuity
- Maintain communication with Member utilities regarding updates, changes, or modifications to the WARN
- Maintain the WARN Operational Plan for implementing the WARN Agreement
- Obtain and manage grants as available
- Manage issues related to Web site management
- Determine costs associated with hosting workshops, training, etc.
- Set training and exercise schedules
- Represent the membership when engaged in meetings, discussions, and consultations with other associations, states, and local agencies regarding the WARN
The Steering Committee consists of:
- Steering Committee Chair
- Vice Chair
- Secretary
- Associate Members

**Steering Committee Chair**
The Steering Committee Chair is elected by the members of RIWARN and is responsible to:
- Represent the WARN Member utilities to the state emergency management agency, state drinking water primacy agency, and state wastewater permitting authority in emergency planning matters
- Preside at all duly constituted meetings of the membership
- Act as the Executive of the Steering Committee and an *ex officio* member of all standing committees

**Vice Chair**
The Vice Chair is elected by the members of RIWARN. The Vice Chair performs duties as assigned by the Chair. During a temporary absence of the Steering Committee Chair, the Vice Chair provides direction to the WARN Steering Committee. In case the WARN Steering Committee Chair retires, resigns, or experiences a long-term absence, the Vice Chair acts in place of the Chair until the WARN Steering Committee elects a new Chair.

**Secretary**
The Secretary is elected by the members of RIWARN, and is responsible to record proceedings at all meetings of the Steering Committee, and:
- Edit and publish any official administrative publications for the Steering Committee
- Receive and maintain a file of notes and records for the Steering Committee and subcommittees
- Send official messages approved by the Chair to Member utilities
- Perform other administrative duties as assigned

**Associate Members**
Associate Members sit on the WARN Steering Committee as advisors. An Associate Member is a non-utility WARN participant that provides a support role to the WARN on the Steering Committee, but does not sign the WARN Agreement. Associate Members include:
- Professional water sector association representatives
- State drinking water primacy agency
- State wastewater permitting authority
- State Emergency Management agency
- Department of Public Health
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region

Associate Members attend WARN Steering Committee meetings and participate in WARN activities. Depending on the level of activity of the Associate Member, he or she may be elected as the Chair, or appointed Vice Chair or Secretary. As advisors, these Associate Members do not vote on WARN actions, but do provide input.
Subcommittees

Subcommittees may be appointed to address specific issues that may arise, such as Web content or training and exercises. WARN Member utilities and Associate Members may participate in one or more subcommittees. The Steering Committee approves the creation of and membership in the subcommittees.

Operational Plan Subcommittee

The WARN Steering Committee members and an identified group of Member utilities shall comprise the Operational Plan Subcommittee. This “standing subcommittee” focuses on procedures and materials designed to manage and improve the operations of the WARN. The committee is responsible to:

- Maintain the WARN Operational Plan
- The Steering Committee will distribute any proposed revisions to the RIWARN Operational Plan to all members for review and discussion. Upon approval by a simple majority vote of all members, the RIWARN Operational Plan shall be distributed to all members
- Maintain contact with local, regional, and state emergency management agency, state drinking water primacy agency, and state wastewater permitting authority representatives
- Provide recommendations on how to manage Member utility contact data and resource lists
- Conduct regular Member utility trainings to maintain familiarity with the WARN Operational Plan
- Conduct an “after action review” of WARN operations following each emergency and make recommendations for improvement
SECTION 2: Training, Exercises, and Updates

The WARN Member utilities are encouraged to develop multi-year Training and Exercise Plans. The WARN program may provide some trainings or participate in the trainings and exercises at the request of an individual Member utility or at the request of a local, county, or state government exercise. Authorized Representatives, Response Team members, and other relevant stakeholders may participate. The WARN Steering Committee encourages Member utilities to develop Training and Exercise Plans that include the following components.

**Training**

The WARN Steering Committee may provide the following training to enhance response with mutual aid/assistance resources and ensure the ability to coordinate response with outside agencies:

- Understand the WARN Agreement
- Reviewing the WARN Operational Plan and how to fill out the appropriate forms
- Understand the WARN Web site, database, and other communication protocols
- Understand the AWWA Water & Wastewater Mutual Aid & Assistance Resource Typing Manual

Member Utilities need to ensure all employees are trained on the utility’s specific safety procedures and emergency response plan. Additionally each utility implements the NIMS training requirements according to its internal policy. Depending on the person’s role in the incident, some of the training courses may include:

- IS-100 Introduction to the Incident Command System for Water Sector Personnel
- IS-200 ICS for Single Resources and Initial Action Incidents
- IS-300 Intermediate ICS, Expanding Incidents (Classroom Instruction Only)
- IS-400 Advanced ICS, Command and General Staff – Complex Incidents (Classroom Instruction Only)
- IS-700 National Incident Management System, An Introduction
- IS-800.B National Response Framework (NRF), An Introduction

It is recommended that Steering Committee Members also consider completing the following:

- IS-630 Introduction to the Public Assistance Program
- IS-701 Multi-agency Coordination Systems
- IS-703 NIMS Resource Management
- IS-706 NIMS Intrastate Mutual Aid - An Introduction
- Training on Exercise Design
- Training on State operational activities
- Training on the Emergency Management Assistance Compact (EMAC)
Exercises
The WARN may participate in a Member utility’s and/or local, and state exercise plans. The plan could include a building-block approach in which exercise activities focus on specific capabilities in a cycle of escalating complexity. Of the seven types of exercises described by U.S. Department of Homeland Security’s (DHS) Homeland Security Exercise and Evaluation Program (HSEEP)\(^a\), the Training and Exercise Plan focuses on the following three.

Tabletop Exercises
Tabletop exercises, a type of discussion-based exercise, bring together key personnel to discuss hypothetical scenarios in an informal setting. The WARN may organize one at their annual meeting or participate in at least one Member utility tabletop exercise annually to assess plans, policies, and procedures, or to evaluate the systems needed to guide the prevention of, response to, and recovery from a defined incident. The WARN may also participate in exercise programs designed and run by local or state emergency management authorities as opportunities arise.

Functional Exercises
A functional exercise simulates everyday operations in a functional area by presenting complex and realistic problems that warrant rapid and effective responses by trained personnel operating in a highly stressful, time-constrained environment. The WARN may participate in a Member utility’s, local government’s, or state’s functional exercises as opportunities arise.

Full-Scale Exercises
Full-scale exercises focus on implementing and analyzing the plans, policies, procedures, and cooperative agreements developed in discussion-based exercises and honed in previous, smaller, operations-based exercises. The WARN may participate in a Member utility’s, local government’s, or state’s full-scale exercises as opportunities arise.

Updating WARN Documents
Following an incident, exercise, or every five years, (whichever is soonest), the WARN Operational Plan Subcommittee will notify the WARN Member utilities that comments are being accepted, collect the comments, and will revise the WARN Operational Plan as appropriate. The WARN Steering Committee reviews the revised plan and approves any changes. The WARN Steering Committee also will communicate WARN Operational Plan changes to WARN Members and Associate Members and those persons who are assigned roles within the plan.

Member utilities’ and Associate Members’ are responsible to integrate the updated WARN Operational Plan into their respective emergency response or emergency operations plans.

Any suggested changes that impact the WARN Agreement are handled separately from the WARN Operational Plan updates. Two appointed legal representatives from Member utilities may review the suggestions to determine the impact on the WARN Agreement. Based on review of the impacts, the Steering Committee determines whether to submit the changes for a vote to the Member utilities. An announcement of the proposed changes is made to each Member utility that includes a ballot and deadline for a vote. Results of the vote will be shared with the Member utilities. Member utilities not in agreement with the changes may determine whether to continue participating in WARN.
Using the Record of Changes Form

The Operational Plan Subcommittee reviews the WARN Operational Plan and submits it to the WARN Steering Committee for final approval. The WARN Steering Committee determines the process for distributing updates to Members and Associate Members. The WARN Steering Committee distributes announcements of updates by using the “Record of Changes Form” attached at the beginning of the WARN Operational Plan. The WARN Steering Committee records any updates or changes to any part of this document.
SECTION 3: Concept of Operations

WARN Relation to Local, State, and Federal Response

The relationship between the WARN and the local and state emergency response system is critical. According to NIMS, local jurisdictions retain command, control, and other authority over response activities for their jurisdictional areas. Incidents typically begin and end locally and are managed on a daily basis at the lowest possible geographical, organizational, and jurisdictional level. Local jurisdictions have flexibility to adjust the scale and scope of their response to the emergency. Should the local and state jurisdictions become overwhelmed during a response; the state may request federal assistance.

The following is a list of the emergency responsibilities and levels of response that may be part of a mobilization of the WARN. The cumulative activities mirror those described in the NIMS Multi-Agency Coordination System (MACS) Group process (for more information on MACS, see the training courses at http://training.fema.gov/). In general, a MACS is a combination of facilities, equipment, personnel, procedures, and communications integrated into a common system with responsibility for coordinating and supporting domestic incident management activities. While direct tactical and operational responsibility for conducting incident management activities rests with the Incident Command, the primary functions of a MACS include the following:

- Support incident management policies and priorities
- Facilitate logistics support and resource tracking
- Inform resource allocation decisions using incident management priorities
- Coordinate incident related information
- Coordinate interagency and intergovernmental issues regarding incident management policies, priorities, and strategies

The WARN and its various levels of interaction as described below can be considered a MACS.

Depending on the size of the emergency, all levels of response described below may not be needed every time the WARN is activated. As all emergencies are local, if resource needs can be addressed by one utility calling another, that may be all that is needed. A designated person from a Member utility contacts the WARN Response Team (who contacts the Steering Committee) or directly contacts the Steering Committee so that the Steering Committee is aware that resources were requested. This can be accomplished via e-mail (if operational), phone, radio, fax, or other means available. In emergencies that affect more than one locality, coordination state level may be necessary.
<table>
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<th>Role</th>
<th>Description of Activity</th>
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| **Role:** Utility Field Personnel | • These are the utility employees in the field responding to an emergency.  
• As first responders, utility employees in the field are trained and function within the Incident Command System (ICS).  
• Field personnel report to their respective employer utility while coordinating response with local emergency response agencies (e.g. law enforcement, fire and rescue, emergency medical, etc.). This is known as unity of command in ICS. |
| Utility (Private or Public) | • Public utilities can either be part of a city agency, or they can be an independently governed special district, not affiliated with a city. Public utilities comply with specific requirements, including the use of NIMS, to be eligible for federal preparedness grants.  
• Private utilities are generally investor-owned and operated. While private utilities are not required to comply with NIMS, most choose to follow NIMS protocols as a best practice approach.  
• If the local utility is a city department or work unit, the utility may establish a department operations center (DOC) and/or report directly to the appropriate city Emergency Operations Center (EOC).  
• Special districts or independent utilities may activate an agency DOC, and/or depending on the number of cities served, the utility may directly report to or participate with a city or state EOC. |
| Local Government (Cities) | • Depending on the size and complexity of an emergency, local governments may operate EOCs to coordinate resources and manage operations within the jurisdiction.  
• Local governments may assist the local utility with the emergency, provided that local resources and supplies are available and that Local Government response resources can be dedicated to this responsibility.  
• If necessary, the city may request state assistance. |
| WARN | • Designated WARN representatives may sit in the state EOC to facilitate information flow from damaged utilities, identify utility mutual aid/assistance resources, and coordinate response.  
• If the WARN representatives do not sit in the state EOC, the WARN representatives may meet at a designated facility, a Member utility’s DOC, and/or city EOC to help coordinate WARN Member utility mutual aid/assistance response.  
• Depending on the organizational plan, when in a city, or state EOC, the WARN representatives could be seated in the Operations Section, Planning Section, Response Coordination group, or another designated reporting location. |
| State Government | • As needed, the state coordinates state and regional resources to assist the cities.  
• Typically led by state management, a state EOC may be activated to coordinate the emergency response actions of all jurisdictions within the state.  
• Upon request or when response to disruption of local water distribution becomes a priority, staff from the state drinking water primacy agency and the
Role: State Wastewater Permitting Authority

Description of Activity:

- State wastewater permitting authority may be identified to help coordinate state resources to assist cities, special districts, and local utilities.
- As needed, the state may request assistance from the National Guard, drinking water primacy agency, wastewater permitting authority, other states (through EMAC), or federal government agencies.
- Upon request, or when local drinking water or wastewater system disruption necessitates federal assistance, the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) coordinates federal emergency response resources through Emergency Support Function #3 (ESF #3), Public Works and Engineering. As the ESF #3 primary agency, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) is responsible for coordinating supplemental assistance to state and local jurisdictions.
- As a support agency to ESF #3, EPA works closely with USACE and FEMA. EPA is the lead federal agency responsible to support the water sector as detailed in HSPD-7.
- Federal emergency response resources may also be coordinated through ESF #10 (Oil and Hazardous Materials Response) where EPA is responsible for decontamination of water infrastructure and ambient water quality.
- ESF #8 (Public Health and Medical Services), in coordination with ESF #3 and ESF #10, may assist in assessing potable water, wastewater, solid waste disposal, and other environmental health issues; conducting field investigations, including collection and laboratory analysis of relevant samples; providing water purification and wastewater/solid waste disposal equipment and supplies; and providing technical assistance and consultation on potable water and wastewater/solid waste disposal issues.

Response Considerations by Role

According to NIMS, all emergencies are local and begin with the field" response. It is important that WARN Member utilities understand how to optimize and work within the Incident Command System (ICS) during a response. As described in Section 2, the appropriate NIMS IS-100 and 200 training courses are available online. The following is a description of how the WARN anticipates ICS will be applied.

Field Response

Using ICS, designated utility field personnel manage personnel and resources to carry out tactical decisions and activities in direct response to an incident or threat. Figure 3 demonstrates utility field personnel actions at a remote facility, plant, or main break.

When the incident is a utility-specific event (such as a major water main break, or damage to a treatment plant, water pump, or enclosed clean water reservoir, etc.) the first utility responder to the scene becomes the Incident Commander (IC). The role of command remains at the field scene. The IC characterizes the scene, assesses the impact to the immediate surroundings, manages access to the scene, monitors the conditions, and identifies what resources are needed and where incoming resources report.
Additionally, the IC communicates with the utility’s management, who directs all available resources of the utility to address the need of the emergency. In this case, the communication from the scene is a direct connection to the utility management. Figure 4 demonstrates this direct communication link to the utility management where the decision to request mutual aid/assistance is made. Command remains in the field with the IC until command is transferred to another person in the field who is more qualified to handle the event, or the designated time for shift change is reached.

In the event the utility is called to respond to an incident where a law enforcement, fire, or public works Incident Commander (IC) is already identified, the utility responder becomes a part of the established response organization. According to ICS, when a person represents an agency (utility in this case) at the Incident Command Post, they are called an “Agency Representative.” The primary responsibility of the utility Agency Representative is to coordinate response of the utility management with the needs of the emergency and provide support to the Incident Commander (IC).

While working with the Incident Commander (IC), the utility Agency Representative establishes contact with utility management to report conditions and progress. Figure 5 demonstrates how a utility Agency Representative from an independent utility reports to a law enforcement, fire, or public works IC while communicating with his or her utility management about the incident and resource needs. Utility
management policies and response plans determine the exact reporting relationship and responsibilities. As a result, reporting relationships and responsibilities may vary by utility.

**Figure 5: Utility Agency Representative Reporting to IC and Independent Utility Management**

While command remains in the field with the Incident Commander (IC), for a utility that is part of a city government, the utility management may activate a Department Operations Center or Utility Operations Center to rally resources of the department to coordinate its response. The utility department may have to coordinate its response with other portions of the local government. *See Figure 6.*

**Figure 6: Utility Agency Representative Reporting as Part of City Government**

**Area Command**

In complex emergencies that expand beyond one scene, NIMS encourages the use of an Area Command which may operate in an Emergency Operations Center (EOC) or Department/Utility Operations Center. While command remains in the field with the Incident Commander at the scene, the utility establishes an Area Command (utility management in this case) in the EOC to direct resources from unaffected portions of the utility to assist in the response. Once the resources arrive at the scene, they follow the local IC in the field.
As other agencies are requested to respond alongside the utility, coordination between multiple entities may result in the use of the Multi-Agency Coordination System (MACS) concept described in NIMS. Implementing a “MACS group” is simply gathering representatives from all the involved responders together to discuss the situation, identifying responsibilities and ensuring each is helping the other. A MACS group can meet in person, over the phone or other communication service, or a combination of both. The intent is to encourage cross communication with fellow responders at the field level, local EOC level and other levels of response.

**Local Government**
City governments respond to an emergency as dictated by their local emergency plans. For a city to declare an emergency, the jurisdiction needs to know the extent of damage in the local area (including impact on utilities) and the need for mutual aid/assistance. It would be appropriate for a WARN Member utility in need to inform the local emergency management authority of the following information which is captured in the checklists and forms in the attachments to this plan:

- The Member utility that activated the WARN Agreement
- Requested resources
- The Member utility that is supplying the resources
- When to expect the arrival of resources
- The safe routes for ingress and access to staging locations

The city may designate specific staff to coordinate information and the needs of utilities within the city. The city employee may need to be educated on what the WARN program is and how it can assist the city in responding to the needs of the utility community. In this case the WARN Members are encouraged to communicate with the city. This coordination with local government is important, especially if local government establishes access controls limiting people entering a disaster area. As a local government needs assistance, they may be requesting help and coordinating response with the state government.

**WARN**
Once a Steering Committee (or Response Subcommittee) member is contacted, the WARN is activated. Initially, the WARN may be managed remotely using virtual technology (such as teleconference or e-mail communication tools) to manage the information and response. If the demands of the emergency grow, the WARN Steering Committee or Response Subcommittee members may come together to coordinate requests. As the need for coordination increases, trained volunteers from WARN Member utilities that are not affected by the emergency may be requested to help with coordination of the WARN. These volunteers form the WARN Response Team (explanation of if or how these volunteers’ resources are reimbursed is described in Section 5 of this WARN Operational Plan). The key responsibility is to match needs with resources offered by utilities not affected by the emergency. During large events, the WARN Response Team Members could be located at the state EOC or an EOC near the incident location. Alternately, the WARN Response Team Members could be located at an unaffected utility. In small events, WARN Response Team Members could be located at a local EOC.

**State Government**
The State Government manages and coordinates state resources in response to the emergency needs of the cities; manages and coordinates statewide mutual aid/assistance; and serves as the coordination and communication link with the federal disaster response system or NIMS. Working with the state drinking water and wastewater agencies or emergency management authority, a representative of the WARN program or state employee knowledgeable of WARN may serve as a point of contact and maintain communication to work with government agencies to address issues such as access to the disaster area and security of resources. Once the state becomes involved in the response, requests for assistance typically are managed through the state EOC.
Federal Government
According to the National Response Framework (NRF), federal resources are to be “forward leaning” and available for response as needed. Federal agencies with authority and responsibility may respond immediately as required by statute. Federal resources located in or adjacent to the impact area or that are affected by the emergency may respond according to a local agreement. Additional federal resources are dependent on a presidential declaration of a major disaster for deployment. As the federal response is organized, EPA supports many Emergency Support Functions, including Emergency Support Function #3 (led by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers) which is the primary ESF to support water infrastructure response and recovery. Water infrastructure may also be supported by other ESFs, such as 4, 8, 10, 11, and 14.
SECTION 4: WARN Activation
Following an incident, each Member utility initiates a damage assessment and evaluates its resource needs. When a Member utility determines that mutual aid/assistance is warranted, it has three options for receiving mutual aid and assistance: local mutual aid agreements, the WARN, or an existing Statewide Master Mutual Aid Agreement.

A utility may have as many as three options for obtaining assistance, including local mutual aid agreements, the WARN Agreement, or any existing Statewide Master Mutual Aid Agreement.

Who Activates WARN?
Any Member utility of the WARN Agreement can determine that it needs the assistance of another Member utility and therefore decide to activate the WARN Agreement. (See Attachment A: Requesting Utility Checklist.) The WARN Agreement can be activated by a utility-to-utility request, or during large events through the WARN Response Team at the Regional EOC, or State EOC. Activation occurs when one Member utility calls another Member utility to discuss the exchange of resources. A Member utility activating the WARN Agreement is referred to as the Requesting Utility. When the resources of a Responding Utility fill the need of the Requesting Utility, the Authorized Representatives confer and agree on the terms of deployment.

Figure 7: Utility Activation of WARN: Mutual Aid/Assistance Process Flow Diagram

Member utilities choosing to obtain aid/assistance through the WARN may do so as described below.
RIWARN Operational Plan

What is Activated?
The WARN Agreement provides the terms of reimbursement to the Responding Utility and a release of liability for services provided. It does not determine the response times, amenities provided to the Responding Utility, or any other operations-specific needs. In addition, the WARN Agreement does not dictate the activation of the EOC of the Responding Utility. These items are determined by dialogue between the Requesting Utility and a Responding Utility at the time of the emergency.

Pre-Event Activation
Some types of emergencies (e.g. severe storms or hurricanes) can be characterized as “warning” or “notice” events due to a build-up of intensity over time and/or scientific methods of predicting an event. This type of event allows Member utilities to anticipate the magnitude of damage and therefore response needs. Activating prior to the disaster opens the lines of communication and coordination among Member utilities which helps to ensure a timely and proactive response. The Requesting Utility can initiate the following activities:

- Notify Member utilities of the expected conditions
- Maintain contact with Member utilities about changing conditions and information
- Receive requested resources and identify follow-up actions

Other disasters provide no warning or notice (e.g. earthquakes), or end up impacting a utility in a greater way than anticipated (e.g. flash flooding). Activations during these events do not have the added benefit of pre-event planning.

Notification
Notification occurs when a Requesting Utility notifies a Member Utility or WARN Response Team (if activated) that they need resources. Initial communication occurs via a phone call, Web database, Web-based discussion board or other methods. Verbal notifications between Requesting and Responding Utilities will be confirmed via written communication (fax or e-mail) using Attachment B: WARN Emergency Notification Form. The utility requesting mutual aid/assistance gathers the following information:

- Type of incident
- Impact on utility
- Number of agencies in response
- Known limitations or restrictions
- Available communication tools

In all cases in which the WARN Agreement is activated, participating Member utilities notify the WARN Response Team or Steering Committee that the request has been made and met with resources from another member.
Response to a Request for Assistance

A Member utility is not obligated to respond to a request. Once a Member utility receives a request for assistance, the Authorized Representative evaluates whether or not to respond. The Authorized Representative considers these questions:

- Does my utility have the resource requested?
- Do the resources meet the operational requirements that the Requesting Utility identified (refer to the AWWA Water & Wastewater Mutual Aid & Assistance Resource Typing Manual)?
- Did this event impact normal operation?
- If we provide resources, can we maintain our ability to respond to unanticipated needs?

If the Authorized Representative determines that resources are available to respond to the Requesting Utility, thereafter the Member utility is referred to as a Responding Utility. The Authorized Representative of the Responding Utility communicates, as soon as possible, with the Requesting Utility that it is available to respond and provides the approximate arrival time of such assistance. When possible, the Authorized Representatives of both the Requesting and Responding Utilities will confirm all verbal agreements with written documentation (fax or e-mail).

In addition, the Authorizing Representatives will clarify and agree upon the following items:

- Requesting Utility’s ability to provide care and shelter (food, sleeping arrangements, first aid, etc.) for personnel and resources,
- Reimbursement process to determine whether the Responding Utility follows the reimbursement article of the WARN Agreement, and
- What aid the Responding Utility can provide, the cost, and confirmation of the approval from the Authorized Representative and the Member utility’s management to provide aid.

If agreement is reached on the above items, the Authorized Representatives will complete and transmit the appropriate authorization forms described in Section 5: Response Considerations.
SECTION 5: Response Considerations

Upon agreement of two or more Member utilities to share their resources, both the Requesting Utility and the Responding Utility are responsible for ensuring the safe and effective use of their resources. This section provides basic considerations for response based on lessons learned from previous disasters.

**Requesting Utility**

In general, the Requesting Utility is responsible to complete the following tasks:

- Use the AWWA *Water & Wastewater Mutual Aid & Assistance Resource Typing Manual* to determine how to type the resources requested and which Member utilities can potentially meet that need,
- Use *Attachment B: WARN Emergency Notification Form* to initiate the mutual aid/assistance process and then transmit the form to potential Responding Utility(ies),
- Discuss resource needs and conditions of use with potential Responding Utility(ies). Complete and forward *Attachment C: Request and Authorization Form* to the Responding Utility,
- After the Responding Utility returns *Attachment C: WARN Request and Authorization Form* back to the Requesting Utility with available resources and estimated costs, review and determine whether to accept this mutual aid/assistance proposal,
- Assign a Mutual Aid Coordinator to address care, feeding, and other support for incoming mutual aid personnel. See *Attachment E: Mutual Aid/Assistance Coordinator Checklist* for a list of what to consider in determining your capability to manage the mutual aid/assistance,
- Notify local emergency management coordinating partners, all law enforcement agencies coordinating check points, and the Operational Area of the incoming mutual aid,
- Identify a Staging Area and assign a Staging Area Manager for incoming mutual aid. See *Attachment F: Staging Area Manager Checklist*,
- Identify work assignments for the incoming mutual aid,
- Consider how to integrate incoming mutual aid resources with existing workforce, and
- Develop a demobilization plan that includes protocols on how and when mutual aid resources will be released.

**Responding Utility**

In general, the Responding Utility is responsible to (See *Attachment H: Responding Utility Checklist* for more detail) complete the following tasks:

- Contact the WARN Response Team (if convened) to notify them of available resources, based on the resources described in the AWWA *Water & Wastewater Mutual Aid & Assistance Resource Typing Manual*,
- If mutual aid/assistance is requested via *Attachment B: WARN Emergency Notification Form* or *Attachment C: WARN Request and Authorization Form*, review and determine whether it can meet this request,
- Develop a Communications Plan between supervisors of the responding teams and the Responding Utility,
• Conduct a deployment briefing with all staff on the responding teams. Include the following items:
  o ICS refresher courses and command structure of incident, if known
  o Pre-deployment health and safety considerations, including but not limited to, immunizations, special tools, and/or clothing
  o Environmental conditions onsite
  o Care and shelter arrangements
  o Rules of conduct during deployment, including but not limited to, activities allowed after work hours
  o Review of documentation procedures
• Inform Requesting Utility of the Responding Utility’s deployment and estimated time of arrival.

**Requesting Utility Demobilization**
Following standard ICS practices of demobilization, the Requesting Utility writes a demobilization plan on how to coordinate the return of resources, including the debriefing of staff and the inspection of equipment and materials. The plan should:
• Capture personnel evaluations and identify future tactical resource needs. This would be conducted by both the Requesting Utility prior to releasing the personnel, as well as by the Responding Utility once its personnel are back.
• Identify release priorities and procedures. This would include internal resources, mutual aid resources, and any contracted resources.

**Responding Utility Demobilization**
While preparing to demobilize and prior to leaving, the Responding Utility’s team is responsible to complete the following tasks:
• Deliver documentation collected during response to the Requesting Utility,
• Return any sensitive or confidential information to the Requesting Utility, and
• Collect all information on costs and process it through the Requesting Utility Finance and Administration Function. Keep copies of all cost documentation for Responding Utility. Information includes:
  o Injury reports
  o Timesheets
  o Material purchased
  o Equipment used

The Responding Utility will prepare appropriate invoices as described in the RIWARN Agreement.
SECTION 6: RIWARN Response Team Coordination

In incidents that affect more than one utility at the same time, mutual aid/assistance coordination at a higher level may be necessary. As the incident response grows or, alternatively, when an emergency starts as a large-scale event (such as a catastrophic earthquake), RIWARN coordination can expand. As the need for coordination increases, trained RIWARN Response Team members may be called upon from non-affected parts of the state to help the area that is affected during a large emergency. This would allow impacted utilities to focus on repair and restoration issues. During an incident that affects multiple cities, towns, or entire counties, coordination at a region and/or state level may be necessary, where the Response Team may respond with assistance from local emergency management agencies and/or RIEMA. When more than one Response Team member arrives at a reporting site, a Response Team leader is selected to communicate with the appropriate authorities, while adhering to proper ICS procedures. The following applies when coordination is needed at the operational area, region, or state levels.

Once a Member utility contacts the WARN Steering Committee, any initial response effort may be managed by one person and then grow to include a team. If activated, the purpose of the WARN Response Team is to:

- Provide a point of contact and liaison for utility-related matters during an emergency
- Collect information regarding:
  - Extent and type of customer and infrastructure damages
  - General geographic location(s) of outages
  - Expected duration of outages
  - Number of customers affected
  - Resources and information requirements of the affected utilities
- Assist in locating emergency equipment, personnel, or material necessary for service restoration
- Advise utilities of restoration assistance and resources available

In order to achieve 24/7 staffing, the Response Team and the Member utilities must have accurate contact data, and the Response Team must establish a staffing plan and the means to keep it current, and then communicate it to the Member utilities. The Response Team may start activities virtually via e-mail or other communication methods. If the emergency calls for a full “team response,” the Response Team members may gather at either the State EOC, located at 645 New London Avenue, Cranston, RI 02920, a local EOC such as Providence Emergency Management Agency, located at 591 Charles Street, Providence, RI 02904, or at any other previously designated location. When activated, the Response Team members are responsible for the overall management of the RIWARN response. (See Attachment L for details and information about the reporting sites.)

Response Team Member Roles and Responsibilities

The RIWARN Response Team is organized to assist as part of a Multi-Agency Coordination System (MACS) when water and/or wastewater sector utilities need support. At the county or state level, the RIWARN Response Team may become part of an Area Command. The general responsibilities include the following (See Attachment I: Response Team Member Checklist for more detail):

- Coordinate and compile damage reports from utilities,
- Coordinate damage assessment activities with other agencies (e.g., city or county emergency management agencies, utility engineers, etc.),
- Log, track, and display damage assessment information,
• Provide damage assessment information to the RIWARN Team Leader or designated resource coordination Response Team member to facilitate incident prioritization,
• Assemble and maintain information concerning critical facilities and special needs facilities associated with each utility included in the RIWARN Operational Plan,
• Transmit Damage Assessment Reports to the other appropriate agencies, as requested,
• Support mutual aid crews in the field interacting with the public to gather more information as the emergency unfolds, and methods to gather damage information,
• Coordinate damage data with the state and FEMA responders to assist in the recovery process
• Act as a liaison to the Utilities Branch of the county, region, and/or state level emergency operation centers,
• Identify one member of the RIWARN Response Team to represent RIWARN at the incident briefings and meetings,
• Monitor the number of requests,
• Identify possible sources of additional support for WARN Member utilities,
• Identify gaps in the requests and resources available,

The RIWARN Response Team may coordinate various activities. The type of incident and extent of damage may determine exactly which activities are needed. As the incident expands, each RIWARN Response Team member may be assigned to focus on just one activity (the Attachment I: RIWARN Response Team Member Checklist is formatted to facilitate this concept):
• Manage damage assessment data,
• Receive, track, and monitor requests,
• Coordinate resource orders,
• Coordinate staging area information,
SECTION 7: RIWARN Communication Tools
The primary communications tools available to the RIWARN Member utilities include the typical systems of landline telephone, cellular phone, utility radio systems, fax, e-mail, Web-EOC access and 800 Mhz radios, if available. A unique aspect of the RIWARN is use of the RIWARN Web site (www.riwarn.org) which has the capability to bring all of these systems together. The Web site includes a list of WARN Member utilities and the contact information for each. All information is maintained and updated by The Providence Water Supply Board.

Radio Systems
Secondary communication tools are utility-owned radio systems. Radio is secondary to landline telephone and cellular phone due to the lack of interoperability between radios. Interoperability of radio systems would be optimal, but cannot always be achieved, due to expense. It is preferable that RIWARN Member utilities consider alternative plans to achieve the same result. RIWARN Member utilities can maintain a cache of additional radios to distribute to incoming mutual aid/assistance supervisors for communications during an emergency. Additionally, RIWARN Member utilities can consider HAM radio as an optional backup radio system. HAM radio is often referred to as “amateur radio,” and can be a valuable service when various types of communications equipment is used to communicate wirelessly with emergency officials. Worldwide communication is often easily obtained by using HAM radios.

Web Site  (www.riwarn.org)
The RIWARN operates a Web site which allows Member utilities to access relevant and up-to-date information before, during, and after an emergency. The Web site includes a public and Member-only side. The public side allows for promoting and marketing the WARN and educating the general public on preparedness efforts of water/wastewater utilities. The Member-only side of the Web site allows access to information such as:
- WARN Emergency Notification Form (See Attachment B: WARN Emergency Notification Form)
- Resource Requests (See Attachment C: WARN Request and Authorization Form and Attachment M: AWWA Water & Wastewater Mutual Aid & Assistance Resource Typing Manual)
- Damage Assessment Reporting

The RIWARN Web site allows a Member utility to identify resources directly and lists the contact information for Member utilities to contact one another to inquire about the availability of resources and request their use. Every six months Member utilities are encouraged to print out a hard copy of the database, so that when power or Internet is not available during an emergency, the data is still available. The RIWARN Web site instructions are included in this plan on how to access online information.

The Web site includes contact information for the Steering Committee and the Response Team. Issues or questions during response can be addressed by communicating with Steering Committee or Response Team contacts. Member utilities are encouraged to print out their contact information sheets and keep them with the hard copy of database resources.
SECTION 8: After Action Report and Improvement Plan

After Action Report

After an exercise or an incident, all RIWARN Members involved with mutual aid/assistance response are encouraged to meet and complete an After Action Report and consider creating an Improvement Plan. After action reviews and reports are typically carried out by RIWARN Member utilities who assisted in the RIWARN Response Team. It is recommended that all key players and groups involved in the response and recovery provide relevant input. Therefore, if the incident is small and only involves a small number of RIWARN Member utilities, the affected utility may complete the after action report. If the incident is large and involves many agencies and jurisdictions, the RIWARN Response Team Members may coordinate the after action review and report process among all the participants. In this case, the RIWARN Team Leader can ask to participate in the after action review at the state level. This review would most likely be held at the State EOC in Cranston.

Typically, the designated Member utility holds a debriefing to discuss the overall activities, state of affairs, and lessons learned. The debriefing reviews actions and activities from the response and recovery phases. RIWARN Response Team Members can expect to provide a quick review of activities under their function and describe what went well for them, what did not work well, what steps can be taken to improve the situation, or other lessons learned. This meeting allows for open discussion of opportunities for improvement, actions taken and the decisions they were based on, and potential future improvements.

The designated Member utility collects responses during this meeting and assembles them in an After Action Report that briefly summarizes the actions taken during the response. The After Action Report can include a brief description of the incident, the actions taken, and what needs to change in the future.

The following list of questions addresses key aspects of response. (The list is not all-inclusive.) In summary, the questions focus on what went well, what did not go well, what needs to be improved, or other lessons learned. The following questions are examples of what may be asked as part of an After Action Report:

- **Notification**
  - What was the number and frequency of notifications?
  - Did the number and frequency provide an accurate operational understanding of the emergency?

- **Activation**
  - How did activation occur for utilities, WARN, and other stakeholders?
  - How quickly did “full” activation occur between stakeholders that responded?
  - How can the activation process be improved or streamlined?
  - Were the different departments (or jurisdictions and agencies) able to activate their plans and processes during this incident?

- **Coordination**
  - Were Member utilities well-coordinated and matched to assignments according to skill?
  - What can be done in the future to maximize available resources?
  - What went well? Were the goals met?
  - What went wrong and what was done to correct it?
  - What can be improved?
Were resources interoperable?
Were the resources that were requested the same as the ones that were delivered?
Were databases used and are they interoperable across different workgroups and jurisdictions?

- **Mobilization**
  - Was the information gathered from notifications sufficient to accurately organize and prepare for mobilization?
  - How quickly did “full” mobilization occur between stakeholders that responded?

- **Operational Support**
  - What actually occurred at all levels of participation (timeline)?
  - What were the pre-event plans and processes for preparedness, response, recovery, and mitigation?
  - Did the plans and processes meet the need of jurisdictions and agencies responding to this event?
  - How accurately were resource requests anticipated and fulfilled?
  - How can procedures for pre-staging resources, making and fulfilling resource requests, tracking and reporting on resource status, and recovering resources be improved?
  - How accurately were personnel requests anticipated and fulfilled?
  - What were some success stories?
  - What areas need improvement to facilitate response in the future?

- **Demobilization**
  - Was a demobilization plan in place before the event? Was it followed?
  - What worked well?
  - What did not work well and were steps taken to address the situation?
  - What can be improved for the future and what options are available?

- **Miscellaneous**
  - What are some other lessons learned not captured above?

**Improvement Plan**

The After Action Report, with its assessments and recommendations, serves as the basis for the Improvement Plan, which is sometimes referred to as a Corrective Action Plan. An Improvement Plan includes the broad recommendations for improvements, the agreed-upon corrective actions, a timeline for making the changes, and an assignment of responsibilities to individuals or organizations. Below are elements for an Improvement Plan:

- Measurable corrective actions,
- Designated projected start date and completion date,
- Corrective actions assigned to an organization and a point of contact within that organization,
- Corrective actions continually monitored and reviewed as part of an organizational Corrective Action Program,

An individual can be elected or appointed to manage a Corrective Action Program to resolve corrective actions resulting from exercises, policy discussions and real-world events and support the scheduling and development of subsequent training and exercises.

SECTION 9: Attachments
Attached are supporting documents, checklists, and forms used in response to an emergency.

Attachment A: Requesting Utility Checklist
Attachment B: RIWARN Emergency Notification Form
Attachment C: RIWARN Request and Authorization Form
Attachment D: Cost Estimator Worksheet
Attachment E: Mutual Aid/Assistance Coordinator Checklist
Attachment F: Staging Area Manager Checklist
Attachment G: Daily Briefing Considerations
Attachment H: Responding Utility Checklist
Attachment I: RIWARN Response Team Member Checklist
Attachment J: RIWARN Request Summary Sheet
Attachment K: Activity Log
Attachment L: State Emergency Operations Center/RIWARN Response Coordination Site
Attachment A: Requesting Utility Checklist

Purpose: The Authorized Representative of a utility that requests mutual aid and assistance is encouraged to use this checklist to track decisions and actions to request mutual aid and assistance. It is used in conjunction with other forms in this RIWARN Operational Plan.


☐ Analyze the situation and determine the best alternatives to address the emergency.
  o Ensure a real need exists. Mutual aid/assistance is designed to augment resources already effectively committed.

☐ Using the resource types in the AWWA Water & Wastewater Mutual Aid & Assistance Resource Typing Manual, determine resource and personnel needs that cannot be met by your utility that may be available through mutual aid/assistance.

☐ What non-utility agencies are responding to the emergency: law, fire, public works, state environmental, public health, emergency management, American Red Cross, etc.?

☐ Determine how significant the emergency is; does it include city, county, state, or federal resources?

☐ Has a local emergency been declared by the local government? Has the Governor declared an emergency? Has the President declared an emergency?

☐ Are normal electrical and natural gas services, vehicle fuel, and communications available?

☐ Complete Attachment B: RIWARN Emergency Notification Form, to inform utilities of the impact on your utility.

☐ Notify the local emergency management agency of your need for mutual aid/assistance.

☐ Contact neighboring utilities with which your utility has a local mutual aid/assistance agreement. Provide them the completed Attachment B: RIWARN Emergency Notification Form.

☐ If assistance is not available from neighbors, identify other RIWARN Member utilities to determine if they are also affected by the emergency or can provide the mutual aid/assistance. Continue the process until you locate a utility. If the RIWARN Response Team is established, contact the team.

☐ If you locate a utility that can send aid, discuss the conditions of the utility, what is needed, and initiate Attachment C: RIWARN Request and Authorization Form. The Responding Utility estimates costs using
Attachment D: Cost Estimator Worksheet which will help determine cost estimates required in Attachment C. Attachments C and D are returned to you for final approval of acceptance of the aid.

☐ As needed, identify a person at your utility to manage all incoming mutual aid/assistance. The Mutual Aid/Assistance Manager can use Attachment E: Mutual Aid/Assistance Coordinator Checklist.

☐ Once mutual aid/assistance is deployed, notify the local emergency management authority of the arrangements for incoming resources.

☐ Notify local utility unions of incoming mutual aid/assistance and identify the process for assigning work between utility staff and mutual aid/assistance teams.

☐ As systems return to near normal, begin to determine when to demobilize mutual aid crews.

☐ Demobilization

Follow standard ICS practices of demobilization, including:
  - On small incidents, the demobilization process may be quite simple, and can be handled by an Authorized Representative
  - On larger incidents, a Response Team Member can be designated to develop a Demobilization Plan
  - Capture personnel evaluations and identify future tactical resource needs

If a formal Demobilization Plan is indicated, ensure that it includes the following five sections:
  - General Information
  - Responsibilities
  - Release Priorities
  - Release Procedures
  - Directory (maps, phone listings, etc.)

While preparing to demobilize the Requesting Utility needs to:
  - Collect damage and response cost figures
  - Accept bill(s) from Responding Utilities
  - Provide payment, according to the WARN Agreement
  - As appropriate, submit for FEMA or other reimbursement mechanisms

☐ Post demobilization:
  - Collect names of mutual aid/assistance teams and supervisors
  - Send letters of thanks
  - Request input for After Action Report
  - Send copies of After Action Report
### Attachment B: WARN Emergency Notification Form

**Purpose:** The Authorized Representative needs to provide written information regarding emergency, sense of urgency, and conditions.

**Instructions:** Complete form by checking boxes or circling where appropriate. Provide level of detail available. Complete Section 1 of Attachment C and forward both Attachment B and C to city/county and/or WARN Utility Member.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INCIDENT</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Date/Time:</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Utility Name:</strong> Type: Water or Wastewater Utility</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>City and County:</strong> General Phone Number:</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Authorized Representative Name:</strong> Title:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>E-mail:</strong> Cell Number: Fax:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>General Location of Emergency:</strong> Agencies Responding: Law Enforcement / Fire / Public Works</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Declaration of Local Emergency made by local government:</strong> Yes or No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>If Yes, when and by whom:</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TYPE OF EMERGENCY** (check all that apply)
- [ ] Contamination
- [ ] Earthquake
- [ ] Fire
- [ ] Flood
- [ ] Hurricane
- [ ] Ice Storm
- [ ] Tornado
- [ ] Other

**DAMAGE** (check all that apply)
- [ ] Storage
- [ ] Treatment
- [ ] Waste Collection
- [ ] Water Aqueduct System
- [ ] Water Supply
- [ ] Water Distribution System

**Describe Damages:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th># of Customers Affected:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operational Status:</strong> Boil Water Notice/Advisory Do Not Use Notice/Advisory Do Not Drink/Advisory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Not Operating</strong> Status Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Power Sources:</strong> Power is operational Power is out Generator power</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Damage area:</strong> Accessible Under water Inaccessible due to debris</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Communications Operating:</strong> Landline Cell Satellite Radio (what band)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**MUTUAL AID/ASSISTANCE REQUESTED:** Yes No
If yes, initiate Attachment C, WARN Request and Authorization Form:

**Form Completed By Authorized Rep:**
- **Name:**
- **Title:**
- **Signature:**
- **Phone Number:**
### Attachment C: WARN Request and Authorization Form

**Purpose:** Authorized Representative of both the Requesting and Responding Utility Member can track approved cost associated with sending/receiving mutual aid and authorizing deployment and reception of the assistance. This form is used with Attachment B when a Responding Utility is located and agrees it has resources to send.

**Instructions:** Requesting Utility fills out Part I of this form completely. Attaches it to completed Attachment B and forwards it to the Responding Utility who completes Part II. The Responding Utility can use Attachment D as a worksheet to determine the cost estimates requested on this form. The form is returned to the Requesting Utility to authorize acceptance of the aid and negotiated cost identified by the Responding Utility. Once the Requesting Utility completes Part III, a copy is returned to the Responding Utility for record keeping. A copy is also sent to the WARN Response Team for completing their documentation and notation in Part IV.

#### Part I TO BE COMPLETED BY THE REQUESTING UTILITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dated:</th>
<th>Time:</th>
<th>hrs</th>
<th>From the County of:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contact Person:</td>
<td>Telephone:</td>
<td>Fax:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WARN Member Utility:</td>
<td>Authorized Rep:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of Emergency &amp; Impact to Utility:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


Preferred Resources Requested (Follow resource types in AWWA Water & Wastewater Mutual Aid & Assistance Resource Typing Manual):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Single Resource</th>
<th>Team</th>
<th>Kind</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Date &amp; Time Resources Needed:</td>
<td>Staging Area:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approximate Date/Time Resources To Be Released:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Requesting Authorized Rep:</td>
<td>Req. Authorized Rep’s Signature:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title:</td>
<td>Utility:</td>
<td>Request No:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Part II TO BE COMPLETED BY THE RESPONDING UTILITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contact Person:</th>
<th>Telephone:</th>
<th>Fax:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Type of Personnel, Expertise, Equipment &amp; Material Available (Follow terminology in AWWA Water &amp; Wastewater Mutual Aid &amp; Assistance Resource Typing Manual)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Preferred Resources Deployed (Follow resource types in AWWA Water & Wastewater Mutual Aid & Assistance Resource Typing Manual):

| Single Resource | Team | Kind | Type | Description |
### RIWARN Operational Plan

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date &amp; Time Resources Available From:</th>
<th>To:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Staging Area Location:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estimated Total Costs To Send Requested Assistance:</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trans. Costs from Home Utility to Staging Area:</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trans. Costs to Return to Home Utility:</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Care, Shelter, Feeding Costs Required For Response:</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Responding Authorized Rep:</td>
<td>Res. Authorized Rep’s Signature:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title:</td>
<td>Utility:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dated:</td>
<td>Time:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Part III REQUESTING UTILITY CONFIRMATION AND APPROVAL**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Authorized Rep Name:</th>
<th>Location:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Signature</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dated:</td>
<td>Time:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Part IV WARN COORDINATION (as needed)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WARN Rep:</th>
<th>Location:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Signature</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dated:</td>
<td>Time:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Additional Information:**

**MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS / OTHER INFORMATION**
## Attachment D: Cost Estimator Worksheet

**Purpose:** The Authorized Representative of a Responding Utility uses this form to determine costs associated with sending mutual aid/assistance.

**Instructions:** Identify costs associated with deploying assistance. Complete information requested by this form, which can be used in Microsoft Excel.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1. TEAM/PERSOONNEL/EQUIPMENT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Position(s)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Personnel (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
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<td>Personnel (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Personnel (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Equipment (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Hourly Rate</th>
<th>No. of Hours</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Equipment (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Hourly Rate</td>
<td>No. of Hours</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Hourly Rate</td>
<td>No. of Hours</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Hourly Rate</td>
<td>No. of Hours</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Hourly Rate</td>
<td>No. of Hours</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Hourly Rate</td>
<td>No. of Hours</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Hourly Rate</td>
<td>No. of Hours</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Hourly Rate</td>
<td>No. of Hours</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Hourly Rate</td>
<td>No. of Hours</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Commodities/Materials (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Unit Cost</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Commodities/Materials (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Unit Cost</td>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commodities/Materials (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Unit Cost</td>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commodities/Materials (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Unit Cost</td>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commodities/Materials (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Unit Cost</td>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commodities/Materials (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Unit Cost</td>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commodities/Materials (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Unit Cost</td>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commodities/Materials (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Unit Cost</td>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commodities/Materials (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Unit Cost</td>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commodities/Materials (insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Unit Cost</td>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
RI WARN Operational Plan

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Other Costs</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Unit Cost</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(insert lines above subtotal as needed)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Other Costs</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Unit Cost</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2. TRAVEL</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lodging</td>
<td>$/person/night</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food</td>
<td>$/day/person</td>
<td># x miles x</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal Vehicle</td>
<td>0.0488/mile</td>
<td># x miles x</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government Vehicle</td>
<td>0.0488/mile</td>
<td>daily/weekly rate as applicable x</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rental Vehicle</td>
<td></td>
<td>duration</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air Travel</td>
<td>$/person/roundtrip</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Travel</td>
<td></td>
<td>as necessary</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3. TOTAL EXPECTED DEPLOYMENT COST:</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Footnotes:
1. From requestor, may be more than one and of different kind/type
2. Assumes a 12-hour work day
3. Use FEMA rates if unknown
4. Items to Consider: Fuel for equipment, O&M for equipment
5. Consult the Internal Revenue Service for latest federal government reimbursement rate
Attachment E: Mutual Aid/Assistance Coordinator Checklist

Purpose: Authorized Representative of both Requesting and Responding Member Utility or staff appointed to coordinate incoming mutual aid/assistance resources use this checklist to ensure mutual aid/assistance resources are prepared for deployment.

Instructions: Review this checklist as ongoing discussion between Requesting and Responding Utility occurs. Put notes in the right-hand column.

Staging Area

- Identify a location outside the immediate impact area to serve as a Staging Area.
  - What is the address of the Staging Area?
  - What is the Staging Area Manager’s Name?
  - What is the Staging Area Manager’s Contact Information?
  - What services will be available at the Staging Area?
    - Are supplies and personnel available to repair heavy or light equipment?
    - Does Responding Utility need to bring a mechanic, tools, equipment and supplies?
    - Are tire repair services available?
    - If not available, are commercial services available?
    - Are fuel services available (gasoline and diesel)?

Transportation Impacts

- From the Requesting Utility gather responses to the questions in the top row in each of the following areas.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Staging Areas</th>
<th>Utility Service Yards</th>
<th>General Work Areas</th>
<th>Lodging / Hotel Areas</th>
<th>Shelter Facilities</th>
<th>Feeding Operations Sites</th>
<th>Restaurants and Stores</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Which interstates or highways are open nearby each area?</td>
<td>Does debris hinder access near or to each area?</td>
<td>Which train or rail systems are operational nearby each area?</td>
<td>Which airports are operational?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Communications Impacts

From the Requesting Utility gather responses to the questions in each of the following areas.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Are landline telephone systems operational?</th>
<th>Are cell phone systems operational?</th>
<th>Are satellite phone systems operational?</th>
<th>Are utility radio systems operational?</th>
<th>Is the Internet operational?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Staging Areas</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utility Service Yards</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Work Areas</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lodging / Hotel Areas</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shelter Facilities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feeding Operations Sites</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restaurants and Stores</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Utility Impacts

From the Requesting Utility gather information on how utility outages are affecting each of the following areas.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Electrical outages</th>
<th>Natural gas outages</th>
<th>Potable water outages</th>
<th>Wastewater outages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Staging Areas</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utility Corp Yards</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Work Areas</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lodging / Hotel Areas</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shelter Facilities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feeding Operations Sites</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restaurants and Stores</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Field Response Operations

Have curfews or other conditions been enforced by local government that might affect movement to and from worksites, feeding locations, and lodging?

Identify additional communications operability:
  - Does Requesting Utility have satellite phones to provide Responding Utility?
  - Does Requesting Utility have local portable cell phone systems (temporary, mobile cellular systems)?
  - If operational, how does the utility communication system function?
    - What frequency does the Requesting Utility operate on?
RIWARN Operational Plan

- Will Requesting Utility provide their radios to Responding Utility?
  - If yes, are radios available at the Staging Area?
  - If there are not enough radios to give to all Responding Utility staff, are there enough radios to give to the Responding Utility supervisors?
  - Does Requesting Utility use amateur radio equipment for emergencies? If yes, is equipment available?

- What navigation issues should the Responding Utility be aware of?
  - Are street signs in place?
  - Are utility maps available (hardcopy or electronic)?
  - Do utility maps include GPS coordinates?
  - Are GPS units available?
  - Are maps and/or GPS units going to be available at the Staging Area?
  - Are interstates and highways open?

- What sanitation services are available in the field?
  - Water for drinking
  - Water for sanitation
  - Restroom (e.g. using port-a-potties)

- What debris clearance equipment is needed?
  - Are chainsaws required to provide response and repairs?
  - Is other debris clearance equipment or tools required?

- Identify financial services capabilities:
  - Are ATMs functional?
  - Are credit cards being accepted locally?
  - Are banks open?
  - Is cash the only source of payment? If yes, what is recommended amount of cash to bring?
  - Are coins needed for laundry or other services?

Care and Shelter

- What accommodations are available?
  - Hotels
  - Fire Base Camp
  - County/State Sponsored Base Camp
  - Utility Temporary Shelter
  - Outside Agency Housing
    - If yes, what is the name of the agency (e.g. American Red Cross, faith-based organization, etc.)
  - None - Responding Utility must be self-sufficient.

- How are arrangements being addressed?
  - Who is arranging for rooms? Requesting or Responding Utility?
  - Who is paying for rooms? Requesting or Responding Utility?
  - How far are the arrangements from the staging area?
  - How far are the arrangements from the work area?
Where is it located (address):

What amenities are available at the available sites?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Hotel</th>
<th>Incident Base Camp</th>
<th>County or State Base Camp</th>
<th>Utility Temporary Shelter</th>
<th>Red Cross or other Shelter</th>
<th>Campgrounds</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>How far from work areas?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Has feeding operations available on site?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Has potable water for drinking?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Has water for bathing?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Has water for sanitation?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Has operating restrooms?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Requires use of portable toilets?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Has operating showers?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Has beds or cots?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Has bedding?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Has a functional laundry facility?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Has a functional laundry facility nearby?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Has or allows portable emergency generator power?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel (or diesel) is available nearby for generators?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nearby campgrounds have water and sewer hook ups?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Determine feeding operations.

- Are restaurants available in or around the work area or lodging area?
  - How far do the responders need to travel?
  - Who is paying for the meals when ordered? Responding or Requesting Utility?

- Does Requesting Utility have alternate feeding operations in place?
  - Mobile canteen
  - Services from American Red Cross or faith-based organization (if so, specify who)
  - Contract services

- Are grocery stores open?
• If yes, how far are grocery stores from work site or lodging?
• Is rationing in place?
• Are grocery stores limited in stock?
  o If grocery stores are available, what support services are available?
    ▪ Cooking facilities with functional utilities?
    ▪ Refrigeration systems local to work site, staging area, or lodging?
    ▪ Ice deliveries in operation or available?

**Employee Safety Measures**

□ What is the expected temperature and humidity?
  o Is special weather gear required?

□ What personal protective equipment is needed beyond basic equipment (hard hat, safety vest, safety shoes, mud boots, work gloves, raingear and eye and ear protection)?

□ What additional exposures may responders encounter (e.g. significant odors, contamination, etc.)?

□ What personal inoculations should be considered?
  o Tetanus
  o Hepatitis A or B
  o Flu
  o Other _____, _____, ______

□ Are hospitals functional?

□ Are paramedic and/or ambulance services functional?

□ How significant is the disaster to the public?
  o Significant damage due to incident (e.g. many homes destroyed, off foundations, etc.)?
  o Significant emotional impact due to loss of life or suffering?
  o What is chance of finding deceased humans?
  o What is chance of finding significant numbers of dead livestock or pets?

□ Are trained incident stress debriefing teams available?
**Documentation**
- Requesting Utility has electronic or hard copy means of tracking employee hours, materials used, and other documentation?
- Requesting Utility has means to accept digital photography for documentation?
- Requesting Utility optimizes use of ICS forms and documentation?
- Requesting Utility has method to track costs for FEMA reimbursement?

**Reimbursement Process**
- Request Cost Estimate of responding resources prior to approving their deployment. (See Attachment D for details.)
- Approve or disapprove costs prior to requesting deployment.
- Identify means for managing injury claims.

------------------------------------------

**Sign Off:**

Name of Person Completing Checklist: _________________________________
Title of Person Completing Checklist: _________________________________
Date/Time: _________________________________
Attachment F: Staging Area Manager Checklist

Purpose: Personnel assigned to coordinate the arrival of mutual aid/assistance at a remote location near the event needs to track actions to support mutual aid/assistance.

Instructions: Complete actions in this checklist. Complete Attachment H and I as needed.

General Duties

☐ Establish Staging Area layout.

☐ Draw a map of the area; consider using spray paint to mark areas.

☐ Establish Check-In function for personnel in coordination with the EOC.

☐ Establish Check-In function for supplies and resources in coordination with the EOC.

☐ Identify resources that may be needed to initiate, sustain, and demobilize the efforts required during an emergency operation.

☐ Dispatch resources at the Operations Section Chief’s request.

☐ Maintain records of all resources entering, deployed to, and demobilized from the staging area.

☐ Coordinate with the Logistics Section for temporary feeding, fueling, and sanitation services as needed to support the Staging Area.

☐ Provide for the mechanical, technical, and maintenance needs of the resources requested or required.

☐ Respond to requests for resource assignments.

☐ Ensure the safety of personnel and equipment in the staging area.

☐ Obtain and issue radios and other supplies as required.

☐ Provide the EOC with status information of personnel, equipment, and supplies in the Staging Area.

☐ Provide for the orderly demobilization of resources as the incident command structure is dissolved.

READ ENTIRE CHECKLIST AT START-UP AND AT BEGINNING OF EACH SHIFT
Checklist Actions

Start-Up Actions

☐ Determine any immediate unmet needs and/or outstanding resource requests for staging.

☐ Proceed to Staging Area.

☐ Post areas for identification and traffic control.

☐ Establish check-in procedure/forms for arriving resources, keep all receipts.

☐ Set up communications between the EOC and the staging area(s).

☐ Staff staging areas with additional personnel to load, unload, stock, deliver, and distribute supplies and keep pertinent records.

☐ Obtain and issue radios and other supplies needed for staging area operations as needed.

☐ Request personnel through the EOC.

☐ Determine any support needs for equipment, feeding, sanitation, and security. Request maintenance service for equipment at Staging Area as appropriate.

☐ Keep a log of items requested and check to see that they have been ordered, sent, received, and distributed to the requesting individual. (This MUST be done continually to ensure that requests are filled as expeditiously as possible).

☐ Respond to request for resource assignments.

☐ Dispatch resources as requested.

☐ Notify the individual that requested the item of the status of the resource request:
  o Date and time of delivery of goods and material.
  o Delivery site.
  o Type and quantity of goods and material to be delivered as well as any items that are not available.

☐ Obtain and issue receipts for radio equipment and other supplies distributed and received at Staging Area.

☐ Frequently determine required resource levels from the Operations Section Chief.

☐ Advise the Operations Section Chief when reserve levels reach minimums.

☐ Maintain and provide status to Resource Unit of all resources in Staging Area.

☐ Maintain Staging Area in safe and orderly condition.

☐ Ensure all personnel time and costs are tracked for reimbursement.

☐ Document:
Deactivation

☐ Deactivate Staging Area Manager and staging area(s) when no longer required.

☐ Provide for the orderly demobilization of resources as the incident command structure is dissolved.

☐ Ensure any unfinished business is completed before leaving or passed on to Logistics.

☐ Ensure any required forms or reports are completed prior to your release and departure.

☐ Be prepared to provide input to the After-Action Report.

☐ Deactivate your section and close out logs when authorized by Logistics.

☐ Demobilize Staging Area in accordance with Incident Demobilization Plan.

☐ As necessary, give the EOC Manager a forwarding phone number where you can be reached.
Attachment G: Daily Briefing Considerations

Purpose: Field Supervisors utilize this list as a starting list of considerations for Daily Staff briefings with mutual aid/assistance responding teams.

Instructions: Complete actions in this checklist.

- Provide schedule of briefings for daily work assignments.
- Provide a status report on current conditions, status of systems and repairs, as well as any other event-specific updates.
- Provide information or resources to establish communication between the supervisor of incoming teams and supervisor of your utility.
- Provide system maps and work assignments.
- Explain current field conditions and safety requirements.
- Review key standards your utility uses for pipe repairs, fittings, and distribution methods.
- Identify critical equipment that may need to be used to complete the repairs.
- Identify locations and purchasing procedures for fuel, supplies, and parts.
- Where are contaminated soil(s) to be placed or relocated?
- Provide necessary forms required for documentation.
  - Work Hours/Overtime
  - Materials/Resources Expensed
  - Worksite Repair Information
- Review work hours, breaks, and respite facilities available in the field.
- Review where emergency medical attention can be received and reporting procedures for injuries.
Attachment H: Responding Utility Checklist

Purpose: The Authorized Representative of a Responding Utility may track actions to deploy mutual aid/assistance.

Instructions: Complete actions in this checklist and make notes in right-hand column.

- If notified of emergency prior to a request for assistance, contact the WARN Response Team if activated to inform them of availability.

- When a request for aid/assistance arrives, assess request.
  - Review types of damage and what teams may be expected to deal with (size/type of pipe repairs, etc.). (See Attachment B.)
    - Nature of the emergency
  - Impact on the utility
  - Has an emergency been declared by local government?
  - Have curfews or other conditions been enforced by local government that might affect movement to and from worksites, feeding locations, and lodging?
  - Determine resource type requirements, evaluate the following needs to select the appropriate resource typing team in the AWWA Water & Wastewater Mutual Aid & Assistance Resource Typing Manual:
    - Desirable personnel skills and certification
    - Resource type and capability
    - Determine appropriate materials to accompany the teams
  - Estimate length of time aid/assistance is required
  - Determine method of care and shelter for personnel and resources
    - Review Attachment E: Mutual Aid/Assistance Coordinator Checklist with Requesting Utility
- Confirm billing rates for use of personnel and equipment
  
  - Review types of resources needed, materials needed, number of teams needed, and skills required.
    - Identify equipment operation qualification requirements:
      - Security and storage of service vehicles and equipment
      - Identify reporting location
      - Identify Point of Contact at the location
      - Identify designated supervision methodology
      - Responsibility for equipment security
      - Procedures for returning equipment to Requesting Utility
      - Equipment transfer, inspection, and contact information
      - Licensing requirements for transport
      - Transportation and other equipment’s fuel considerations
      - Managing lost, damaged, destroyed, or stolen equipment
  
  - How long are teams needed? Is there need for "relief" teams for first set of teams?
  
  - How does sending teams affect your utility current operations?

☐ Review reimbursement expectations and process.

☐ Prepare documentation on the costs associated with sending the assistance, and submit it to the Requesting Utility. (See Attachment D.)
  
  - Be clear on how teams would be sheltered and fed. Identify any risk associated with shelter or feeding.
  
  - Notify elected officials.
Review request to determine what aid/assistance the Responding Utility can provide. Confirm approval from utility management to provide aid/assistance.

Complete pre-deployment personnel activities.
- Identify an Incident Commander in charge of the deployment team. Appoint General Staff (Operations, Planning, Logistics and Finance) to manage the deployment of the team. (Upon arrival at the destination utility, report to the Staging Area as the Utility Representative. The deployment team Incident Commander may be reassigned as a unit supervisor within the operations section.)
- Identify how teams are selected. Identify specialized work rules. Review with any union leadership.
- Identify a communications plan for teams. How do they communicate with each other, the borrowing agency, and family?
- Identify teams for travel.
- Conduct review with teams. Review:
  - Level of disaster and impact on community to prepare teams emotionally
  - Conditions and potential for contamination and personal protective equipment needs
  - Logistics arrangement for care, shelter, feeding, etc.
  - Communication plan
  - Employee work rules
  - Medical considerations and needs for inoculation
  - Incident Command System (ICS)
  - Documentation protocols

Prepare resources for deployment:
- Inspect vehicles for travel and equipment use.
- Inventory and standardize stock of equipment and supplies on vehicles.
- Send a mechanic with teams and equipment.
- Ensure emergency food and water is present on all vehicles.
- Ensure availability of first aid kits and other emergency supplies.
While teams are away:
- Check daily with supervisor.
- Review costs associated with assistance.
- Review the number of hours each team is working. How long will work last?
- Identify problems with lodging or feeding.
- Provide daily summary of events to the General Manager.

While preparing to demobilize, the Responding Utility is responsible to:
- Deliver documentation collected during response to the Requesting Utility
- Return all resources to the Requesting Utility that the Responding Utility may have in their possession
- Return any sensitive or confidential information to the Requesting Utility
- Collect all information on expenses and process it through the Requesting Utility finance and administration staff. Information includes:
  - Injury reports (if applicable)
  - Timesheets
  - Material purchases
  - Resource usage
- Submit bills for services as appropriate, according to the WARN Agreement

Upon return:
- Hold debriefing with the supervisors within seven days.
- Hold debriefing with all teams within 14 days. Include General Manager or other appropriate staff.
  - Identify lessons learned.
  - Identify problems and successes.
  - Review hours worked and efforts made.
  - Provide feedback to requesting agency.
  - Review ideas to improve own readiness.

Within 60 days:
- Prepare a report of events to present to the General Manager.
- Submit bill for personnel and other costs for mutual aid/assistance response.
Attachment I: WARN Response Team Member Checklist

Purpose: Trained Utility Members staff who will act as part of the WARN Response Team use this checklist to track actions and operate as a WARN Response Team.

Instructions: Complete actions in this checklist. Arrive at WARN Response Team location.

☐ Once notified of need to activate the WARN Response Team, make travel arrangements to the designated utility coordination site;

☐ Make lodging arrangements (see Appendix N for nearby locations);

☐ Bring all necessary personal items with you for the period of time requested; and

☐ Follow directions to get to the designated location provided in Appendix N.

Once you have reached the utility coordination center, complete the following:

Startup activities

☐ Sign in and identify self at security point check in;

☐ Check in with the WARN Leader to receive an initial briefing on the general situation and immediate tasks to be performed. Briefing should:
  o Detail nature and extent of emergency;
  o Identify extent of affected utilities and status;
  o Describe nature of assignment;
  o Provide status report update and criteria; and
  o Identify contact person to receive the information.

☐ Review any posted information and Incident Briefing forms IS 200, 201 and 202 for critical contact information;

☐ Review or open and maintain an Activity Log (see Attachment K). At a minimum, the Activity Log should record the following for each utility contacted:
  o Date and time;
  o Contact name and number;
  o Communications/coordination received/made; and
  o Follow-up required/completed.

Communications recorded should include conversations in which decisions were reached, instructions given or received, and vital information exchanged.
☐ Contact utilities in affected areas to determine situation and any assistance that may be required;

☐ Alert the WARN Leader of emerging issues or concerns you perceive as “sensitive”;

☐ Keep all related status boards up-to-date;

☐ Coordinate with the WARN Leader regarding your shift commitment and assist in identifying Utility Representatives to relieve you at the end of your shift;

☐ Provide comprehensive shift turnover briefing; and

☐ As questions arise, contact the WARN Leader for direction.

**General activities**

Support the WARN Leader by providing specific utility knowledge and sector representation by doing the following activities:

☐ Provide regular updates to the WARN Leader with significant changes in utilities’ status;

☐ Contact and receive calls from utilities in affected areas of the emergency regarding damages to services/infrastructure;

☐ Determine utility-specific resource and/or information needs;

☐ Maintain logs, Status Boards, and prepare Status Reports;

☐ Identify:
  - extent and type of customer and infrastructure damage;
  - general geographic location of utility outages;
  - expected duration of outages;
  - numbers of customers affected by county; and
  - resource requirements and/or information needs.
 Assist utilities in procuring resources, personnel, and provisions necessary for restoration of services;

 Communicate utility damage information and restoration priorities between government agencies and utilities, as necessary;

 Ensure regular updates to the WARN Leader on restoration concerns;

 Assist with inter-utility response coordination;

 Facilitate utility mutual aid/assistance as necessary/requested;

 Serve as liaison between utilities and emergency management for extraordinary assistance;

 Through the WARN Leader, provide utility Status Reports and special needs requests as indicated; and

 Perform additional duties to support the utility sector as requested by the WARN Leader.

 **Shift briefings should occur between the outgoing and incoming representatives and at a minimum include the following:**

 Alerts to any safety related issues that could impact utility personnel;

 A review of the Activity Log with particular emphasis given to the follow-up columns;

 Immediate tasks to be performed that have either been assigned by the WARN Leader or required by the follow-up information on the Activity Log;

 A review of the current Utilities Outage and Restoration Status Report; and

 A review of special key contact names and numbers outside of the Emergency Directory developed during event communications.

 **Mutual Aid / Assistance Request**

 If mutual aid/assistance is needed, record the following:
RIWARN Operational Plan

- Name and contact information of utility representative;
- Utility name and type;
- Specific resource personnel/resources need;
- Specify required certification or specification;
- Date/time needed;
- Impact if delayed;
- Delivery point of resource;
- Logistical arrangements for any incoming personnel;
- Access routes into the affected area(s);
- Estimated duration of operations; and
- Risks and hazards.

**Stand Down Activities**

- Under direction of the WARN Leader to “stand down,” prepare a situation status report about the utilities you represent, including estimated outages, restoration and damages;
- Provide briefing to the WARN Leader;
- Remain available by phone to respond if activation staffing is increased; and
- Sign out.

**Shut Down Activities**

- Under direction of the WARN Leader to “shutdown,” return all non-expendable items and identify items that need to be replaced;
- Complete reports. Provide briefing on completed items and identify follow up items;
- Assist in returning all equipment to storage location;
- Sign out; and
- Be available to participate in After Action Report Reviews.
**Attachment J: WARN Request Summary Sheet**

**Purpose:** WARN Response Team Members if activated use this form to track requests for mutual aid/assistance.

**Instructions:** After receiving a copy of Attachment C from the Requesting Utility, assign a number to each request in column 1. Put name of utility requesting aid in column 2. Summarize resource needs in column 3. Put name of Responding Utility in column 4. Put estimated time of arrival of responding resources in column 5 and the time they left in column 6. Put estimated cost of this deployment in last column.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date/Time</th>
<th>Request No.</th>
<th>Requesting Utility</th>
<th>Need Summary</th>
<th>Responding Utility</th>
<th>ETA</th>
<th>Estimated Deployment Time</th>
<th>Estimated Costs</th>
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*All Times – Local 24 Hour Clock*
**Attachment K: Activity Log**

**Purpose:** WARN Response Team members use this form to track actions to request mutual aid/assistance. All Member utilities are encouraged to do the same.

**Instructions:** After reviewing the appropriate checklist for the task you are completing, complete boxes 1 – 3 with requested information. Put your response title in box 4. In box 5, note who you report to. In box 6, note what response time you are operating in. In box 7, note the personnel that are assigned to you, the position they fill and the utility from which they come (if different from yours). In box 8, track major activity you complete according to time of day using 24 hour clock. Put your name and title in box 9, once form is complete.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WARN Coordination Activity Log</th>
<th>1. Incident Name</th>
<th>2. Date Prepared</th>
<th>3. Time Prepared</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4. Unit Name/Designators</td>
<td>5. Unit Leader (Name and Position)</td>
<td>6. Operational Period</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Personnel Roster Assigned**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Response Team Position</th>
<th>Home Utility</th>
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**Activity Log**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Major Activity</th>
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9. Prepared by (Name and Position)

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**Attachment L: State Emergency Operations Center/WARN Response Coordination Site**

**Purpose:** WARN Response Team Members if activated, need to know where to report at the county, state region, or state operations center. The following sample can be modified by each WARN.

**Instructions:** Use the following information to locate housing and feeding locations during your re-location to the pre-designated site as part of the WARN Response Team if activated.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pre-designated site</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name of site:</td>
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<td>Closest Airport:</td>
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<td>Address:</td>
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<td>Phone Number:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fax:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Driving directions:</td>
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</table>
### Local Hotels Addresses and Phone Number

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
<th>Address</th>
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### Local Restaurants and Eateries:

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
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### Additional Information:

**MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS / OTHER INFORMATION**